MARYLAND GAZETTE.

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FEBRUARY 26, THURSDAY

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 12. The plague continues to defolate this city with unabated fury, the daughter of his highnest's physician died of it a few days ago: but in spite of this dreadful calamity, the preparations for war are not in any way lessent to Bosofai; and to the other fronders.

All the governors are ordered to put the fortiers. All the governors ate ordered to put the fortifications of their respective places in a persect state

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 12. Our commerce is much fallen fince the peace, our merchants have underta-ken new speculations; they have lately received a vessel from St. Domingo loaded with cosses, they ire expeding another from Surinam with the fame cargo. Our merchandise from the East-Indies, sells inpidly, and it is thought that these sales will be very advantageous. The king will soon set out for staly, he is to be accompanied by the batons Sparre, Taube, Armselli and Ellen, with the sieurs de Frank, de Peyton; Perfon, Adlerberth, professors of antiqui-

Porano, OH: 1. The ravages of the plague feem to spread willy! According to letters from the U-

Parkessoricity, O8. 7. Orders are iffued out for raifing one foldier out of every 200 inhabitants of this empire, capable of bearing arms: an augmentation of the capable o tion of 50,000 land forcer, at leaft, will refult from

tion of 50,000 fand forces, at least, will refult from this expedient.

Oil. To. We have received intelligence, that the player makes fitch ravages at Cherson, that it was become necessary to cut off all communication between that city and the army.

WARRAW, Oil. 13 By advices from Constantinople we learn, that they have received accounts that the people of Georgia, after putting the approaches into their country in a state of defence, have (in number country in a state of defence, have (in number country in a state of defence, have (in number country in a state of defence, have (in number country in a state of defence, have (in number country in a state of defence, have (in number country in a state of defence, have (in number country in a state of defence, have (in number country in a state of defence, have (in number country in a state of defence, have (in number country in a state of defence, have (in number country in a state of defence, have (in number country in a state of defence, have (in number country in a state of defence, have (in number country in a state of defence). number 50,000 men) fallen upon Natolia, beaten the Turkish troops, and taken the town of Harts; they are faid to have been affished by the Pacha Alghalike; brother-in-law to prince Salomon. Ali Pacha is man Oczakow with a numerous army, and has re-Georgians. If this unexpected event is fully confirmed, it will contribute much to prevail with the grand ligator to keep at peace with Russia and Authis, and content to what they require, be it almost

what it will.

HAGUE, O.C. 23. The French charge des affaires delivered the following memorial to the prefident of the States General, viz.

"High and mighty lords, although the king does not doubt but your high mightinesses have been informed by Mess, de Berkenrode and Branzun, of the resolution which his majesty always had and still continues to have, of refloring all the Dutch colonies, &c: retakens by his arms from the English, without requiring thy manner of compensation from without requiring thy manner of compediation from the republic, yet his majerty is determined to give the fill afformation of the fill they have high mightinedes, hoping that this conduct will they how high the republic is in his estimation, notwithstanding fome circumstances, which it will be now unnecessary to mention, may feem to bear appearances to the con-

trary.

The underwritten charge des affaires, has the firedest orders from the king to assure your high mightinester, that the good will and friendship which his majety bears, towards you is unalterable, and that his majety will, with the utmost zeal and fatisfaction, embrace every opportunity of testisping the interest he takes in the houour and prosperity of the republic.".

Extrad of a letter from Dijen, September 25. con, that a very great bankruptcy has taken place in that city; fitten houses have slopped payment for four handred and fifty thousand pounds in the

It is affured, that the States General tefolved laft week to keep in actual fervice 42 flrips; first, feetad' and third races, all completely married kild armed." le is observed, that this marine will be respectable on nough if that resolution is put in execution; and that it will even except that which was kept up during the war, as we hever had in real service to great a number of thips, though we ought to have had

PARSS, Od. 28. The great and useful discoveries daily making in Europe by means of chymithy and clectricity are truly infonificing. Who knows, even information what further property make in that great farctuary of nature wherein they have for lately entered? Who

long lift of ills to which we are at present subject. Messieurs le Deu, father and son, more commonly known under the name of Comus, having exhibited their wonderful cures by means of electricity, in the hotel affigned them by the lieutenant of the police, are by the king's munificence and encouragement, going to establish a large and commodious hospital, on vacant grounds which have been given them for that purpole, near the Arsenal. It will be the first of the kind in the world. It is very well known that epileptic cases, however obstinate and inveterate are removed and cured by the electrical treatment of those gentlemen ; physic hitherto had proved unequal to fuch cases.

FONTAINBLEAU, (France) Nov. 3. All our hopes from the queen's pregnancy, which was advanced more than three months, are now vanished. On All Saints day she was taken ill, in a manner that made a miscarriage dreaded, and netwithstanding every affistance, the unfortunate event took place; howe-LONDON, Odebir 3.

L'Espiegie French merchant ship, laden fully and variably with hats manufactured at Lodeve, in Language housed to New England was in the fact of the ship.

guedoc, bound to New England, was lost at fea the 15th ult. This was the first ship that had set fail with any manufacture of Lodeve to America.

In the last accounts from India, mention is made that the revenue has increased confiderably, and that the revenue on falt amounts to fifty feven lacks of rupees. It will not be ami's to explain the amount of a lack of rupees, which is much more confiderable than the generality of people of this country imagine. A lack of rupees is £.12,500 sterling, and consequently the revenue above mentioned is upwards of f. 700,000. A rupee is a fliver coin struck in the mogul's mint, with an inscription of his name and titles, the year of his reign, and the place it was struck at. It weighs from 7 dw. 10 1-3d gr. to 7 dw. 11 gr. and has from one to two parts in 100 allay.

Extract of a letter from Utrecht, September 16

"We have just now a report very prevalent, that an army of 60,000 Turks were arrived on the frontiers of Poland and Hungary, which had occasioned un order of his imperial majety for increasing his army n that quarter: as it would not be imagined the Porte would risk the making an enemy of his imperial majesty at this juncture, by taking any step that might give him umbrage; this meature is the more mysterious, especially as the Turks seem to want all the troops they can spare in another quarter, it proves, however, that the Ottomans are dubious of the true defigns of the court of Vienna.

From the univerfal philanthropy and charity of a Lowth, a Hurd, or a Porteus, there is ground to hope that the upper house will take some means for abolishing the inhuman slave trade, which surely ought not to be heard of in a Christian country!

Respecting the above business, it cannot be expected to consider the commons.

pected to originate in the commons, many members of that fagacious body being interested in the prefervation of this barbarous traffic!

It is ftrongly in agitation to establish a royal dock is fhortly expected there is either of the ports of Corke, Waterford, or Bantry; the latter is supposed to be fixed upon by government, on account of the depth of water, and the vernment, shelter of the harbour by the surrounding high-

A medal has been firmck in France emblematical of the relative connection substiting between America and that country. On one side of the medal there is a juvenile profile with the cap of liberty, and this inscription, "Libertas Americana" The other fide represents an infant in danger of being de-voured by a lion; but Minerva, with a shield, on which three fears de lis are displayed, protects the infants. The motto is, is now fine dis animajus infants? The dates are the 17th of October, 1777, and the 19th of October, 1777, and the 19th of October, 1781, the respective days when the two generals. Burgoyne and Cornwallis, were unfortunately captured.

OR. 13. On hearing that the magistrates of the city were to wait at the Devil-tavern, Temple bar, till his majefty's warrant for a proclamation of peace was received and the gates opened, a wag humorouled by observed, "that it was certainly a damned bad peace, for the lard mayor, aldermen, artillery company, city officers, and others concerned in the proclamation of peace, had already all gone to the De-

Od. 21. Sunday morning a duel was fought in a field near Fatterfea-bridge, between captain Leefen

knows what confolatory discoveries may be started? and the reverend Mr. Dunbar, when, after firing which perhaps, will diminish or compensate for the their pistols, the matter was accommodated to their their pistols, the matter was accommodated to their mutual satisfaction

After the duel on Sunday morning, a correspondent says, the reverend duellist went to perform di-vine service at a parish church to which he has been lately appointed curate. In this we think there was nothing wrong; for after trying to take away the lite of a fellow-creature, nothing can be so proper as to go to prayers, and make our peace with

OA. 25. A gentleman from Leghorn writes word, that they have learned by the master of a polacre put in there, that the dey of Algiers has now up-wards of 2000 slaves at work upon the fortifications; that he is raifing two new batteries on each fide at the entrance into the harbour; that when all the works are completed, which are carried on under the direction of two English engineers, it is judged the place will be impregnable; the new batteries are to be mounted with some large cannon taken from the Spaniards, which were intended to have been made use of at the fiege of Mahon.

Nov. 1. Letters are received officially from Confintinople, dated the 5th ult. in which it is mentioned, that from the concessions which the Ottoman porte had made to the empress of Russia, through the mediation of the emperor and his most christian majerty, it was believed the matters in dispute, would wholly be brought to a happy conclusion in a very short time. The sultan has however, in order to prevent any future demands being made, which might occasion any cavil at another period, proposed that the two mediating powers shall be guarantee, that the present treaty shall be for ever binding between the Turkish and Russian courts; and this only remains to be fixed before the final ratification takes

Nov. 2 Not many Sundays ago, a methodistical gentieman preaching at a chapel in Wapping, to a crouded audience, made use of the following phrase: -Ye are all finners, great finners, large finners, wap-ping finners." The last epithet bearing a double meaning, some of the congregation took it as a particular affront offered to them, and drove him from his pulpit.

Absolute monarchies, corrupted in their morals and discipline, impaired in their wealth, sunk in credit, and weakened by inbred diforders, do very rarely retrieve their condition; but mixed govern-ments have an innate vigour and firength of conti-tution, which can throw off those diseases that seem to affect them, and by which they can be recovered from that decay of health to which they have at any time been reduced by unskilful ftatefmen.

Nov. 6. A letter from Paris mentions, that the compte de Graffe was so strenuously anxious to have a court martial fit on his conduct, that he presented three petitions to the king, praying his majesty to indulge him in this particular; and when he found that the trial was stopped by order of the sovereign, he repaired to Versailles, threw himself at the feet of the king, and exclaimed, "Sire, what will the nation think of me?" The monarch graciously replied, it is sufficient that I approve your conduct."

Nov. 8. A lotter from Copenhagen says, that a

house is fitting up in that city for a gentleman who is shortly expected there from America, in order to reside in the quality of an ambassader from the United States, who is to settle a treaty of commerce and

Extrad of a letter from Dublin, Odober 30.

"This morning Mr. Flood and Mr. Grattan were feverally brought before lord chief juffice Annaly, the fift by alderman Exshaw, and the latter by sheriff Kirkpatrick. His lordship, after severe, but friendly reprimands, and official admonitions, bound each in the recognizances of £ 20,000 to keep the peace. We may therefore hope, that through the interpolition of friends, these ornaments of their country and its senate, will be perfectly reconciled; and that, forgetting every thing but the good of country, we may fee them concur in its fer-

triends, Mr. Flood and Mr. Grattan, attended by their friends, Montgomery, of Donnegal, and Cuffee, had almost reached the ground appointed to an interview, which must have proved fatal at least to one of the men who so justly are the boast and glory of Ireland. To clude the vigilance of the sheriffs and alderman Exshaw, clude the rentlemen slept in their own houtes; neither of the gentlemen flept in their own houtes; however, proper perfors were flationed at all the arenues leading from towin and happily intelligence was given to the magnitrates before at Balliourgh-

bridge.

It is to be hoped that proper steps will be taken by the house, to prevent the dispute being carried car-

discharge all the just d estate. OOD, Tr. W. S. February 2, 1784.

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HENRY HALL.

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